

A: 22-D3, KIADB Industrial Area, Kumbalagodu, Bangalore

P: 080 28437933/9842729220

E: genome@microlabindia.com

W: www.microlabindia.com

GET IN TOUCH | 1800 425 1316

MICROBIOLOGICAL **LABORATORY**

12A, Cowley Brown Road, R.S Puram(E), Coimbatore 0422 2540525/2556628/2550673/2541316/4354242 : P

www.microlabindia.com: W

microlabcbe@microlabindia.com: E



Prenatal Aneuploidy

Rapid Screening for Chromosomal Aneuploidies

hromosomal abnormality is found in about half of irsttrimester abortions. Karyotype is the gold standard to detect Chromosomal Abnormalities. Multiplex Ligationdependent Probe Amplification (MLPA) offers advantage over karyotype in terms of lower failure rate, faster turnaround time, and much higher resolution than conventional karyotyping and found to be 98% concordant with conventional karyotype.

Test Details

Aneuploidy Test Name:

Test Code: 16002

> POC/ Amniotic Fluid/ Sample:

CVS

Methodolgy: **MLPA**

Report On: 4 Days

Detectable Aneuploidies with Frequency Patau **Syndrome** (47, XY, +13)

1 in 10000

live-born infants

1 in 5000 live-born infants

Syndrome Edward 1 in 800

Down

new borns

1 in 2500 newborn GIRLS

Turner

Syndrome

Syndrome 1 in 1000

Triple X

newborn GIRLS

1 in 500 newborn BOYS

Klinfelter **Syndrome**

Triploidy **Syndrome**

1 in 1000 MALE Births

1 in 1000 newborn BOYS

XYY **Syndrome**

Detailed

Syndrome

Detection

Accurate Region

Degraded DNA

Also Used on

Detection of aberrant copy number of 50 genomic DNA/RNA sequences in a single, PCR-based reaction.

MLPA determine the methylation status of imprinted and promotor regions and also detect known point mutations and SNP's

MLPA can also used on partially degraded DNA, such as DNA extracted from paraffin imbedded, formalin treated tissues.